



# Suomi NPP VIIRS Imagery after 1 Year

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# VIIRS EDR Imagery (and Visualization) Team

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- CIRA/CSU (S. Miller, S. Kidder, S. Finley, H. Gosden, R. Brummer, C. Seaman)
- CIMSS/SSEC (T. Jasmin, T. Rink)
- Aerospace (T. Kopp, J. Drake, J. Feeley)
- NOAA/NGDC (C. Elvidge)
- NRL (J. Hawkins, K. Richardson, J. Solbrig, T. Lee)
- AFWA (J. Cetola)
- Northrop Grumman (K. Hutchison, R. Mahoney)
- NASA (W. Thomas, P. Meade)
- NOAA/OSPO (A. Irving)
- NASA/SPoRT (G. Jedlovec, M. Smith)

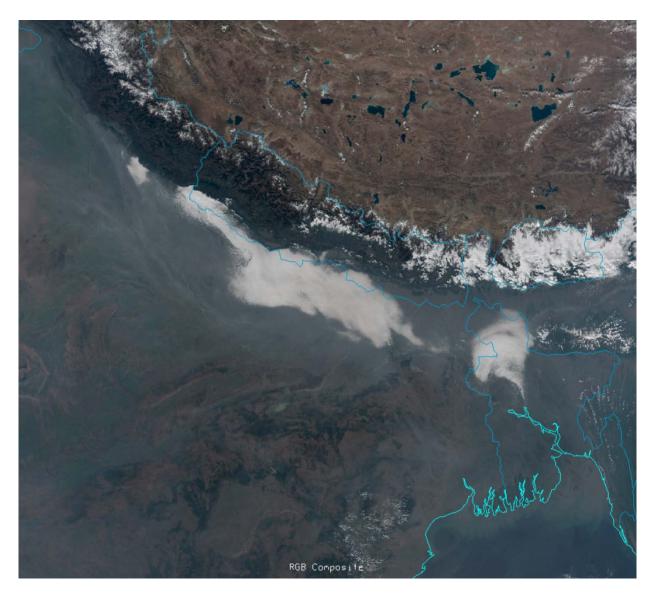


Suomi NPP



## • Suomi NPP

- Started under NPOESS program (<u>NPOESS Preparatory Project</u> (NPP) satellite)
- Renamed Suomi NPP (National Polar-orbiting Partnership)
- The first operational JPSS (Joint Polar Satellite System) satellite
- Joint NASA/NOAA mission
  - data will be used by many civilian and military customers
- Visible Infrared Imager Radiometer Suite (VIIRS)
  - one of several instruments on NPP



VIIRS true-color image from bands M3 (0.488 μm), M4 (0.555 μm), and M5 (0.672 μm) over northern India and Tibet on 14 December 2011 at 0725 UTC. Note the large contrast in aerosol scattering between the cooler and drier and shallower air mass to the north of the Himalayan chain and the warm and humid and deeper air mass to the south.

# VIIRS Environmental Data Record (EDR)s

VIIRS Band	Central Wavelength (µm)	Bandwidth (µm)	Wavelength Range (µm)	Band Explanation	Spatial Resolution (m) @ nadir
M1	<mark>0.412</mark>	0.02	<mark>0.402 - 0.422</mark>	Visible	750 m
M2	0.445	0.018	0.436 - 0.454		
M3	0.488	0.02	0.478 - 0.488		
M4	<mark>0.555</mark>	0.02	<mark>0.545 - 0.565</mark>		
M5 (B)	0.672	0.02	0.662 - 0.682		
M6	0.746	0.015	0.739 - 0.754	Near IR	
M7 (G)	0.865	0.039	0.846 - 0.885		
M8	1.240	0.020	1.23 - 1.25	Shortwave IR	
M9	<mark>1.378</mark>	<mark>0.015</mark>	<mark>1.371 - 1.386</mark>		
M10 (R)	1.61	0.06	1.58 - 1.64		
M11	2.25	0.05	2.23 - 2.28		
M12	3.7	0.18	3.61 - 3.79	Medium-wave IR	
M13	4.05	0.155	3.97 - 4.13		
<mark>M14</mark>	<mark>8.55</mark>	<mark>0.3</mark>	<mark>8.4 - 8.7</mark>	Longwave IR	
<mark>M15</mark>	<mark>10.763</mark>	<u>1.0</u>	<mark>10.26 - 11.26</mark>		
<mark>M16</mark>	<mark>12.013</mark>	<mark>0.95</mark>	<mark>11.54 - 12.49</mark>		
DNB	0.7	0.4	0.5 - 0.9	Visible	750 m across full scan
I1 (B)	0.64	0.08	0.6 - 0.68	Visible	
I2 (G)	0.865	0.039	0.85 - 0.88	Near IR	1
I3 (R)	1.61	0.06	1.58 - 1.64	Shortwave IR375 mMedium-wave IRLongwave IR	375 m
I4	3.74	0.38	3.55 - 3.93		
15	11.45	1.9	10.5 - 12.4		]

#### Notes:

M-bands highlighted in pale yellow are available as EDRs, in addition to SDRs.

True-color component bands are highlighted in red, green, and blue.

Natural-color component bands are noted with R, G, and B.

M6 on Suomi NPP has a high radiance fold-over issue with many saturated pixels.

## **NPP/JPSS data sources**

- **GRAVITE\*** (Suitland, 7-hour delay)
- NOAA CLASS\*\* (Asheville, 7-hour delay) not actively used
- Atmosphere PEATE\*\*\* (Wisconsin, 7-hour delay)
   ADDE server for McIDAS-X
   FTP
- **Direct Readout** (Wisconsin, minimal delay, but provides data <u>only over North America</u>, when the satellite is with sight of Madison)

\*Government Resource for Algorithm Verification, Integration, Test and Evaluation \*\*Comprehensive Large Array-data Stewardship System \*\*\*Product. Evaluation and Algorithm Test Elements

# **VIIRS display tools**

 McIDAS-V (VIIRS ready) – SSEC/CIMSS/Wisconsin



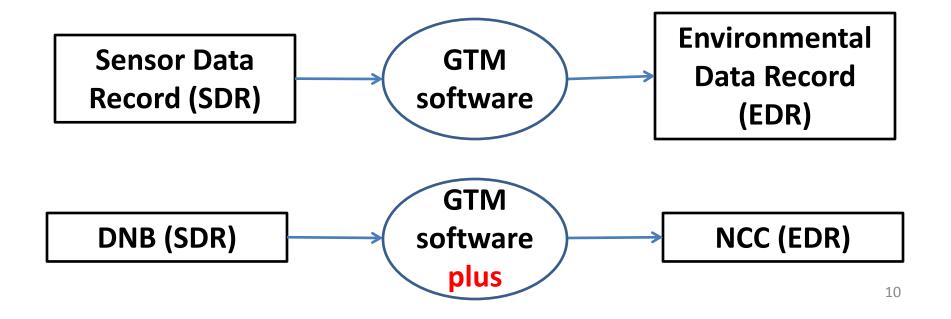
 McIDAS-X (VIIRS capabilities still under development) – SSEC/CIMSS/Wisconsin



- TeraScan / NexSat (web display) –
  NRL
- IDL

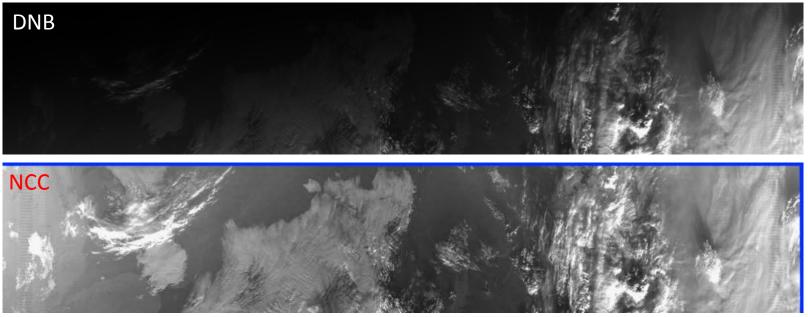
# Sensor Data Record (SDR) to Environmental Data Record (EDR)

- Ground Track Mercator (GTM) remapping software.
  - GTM is a remapping of the data, but the same radiances/reflectances for Non-NCC bands only.
- For NCC imagery there is **additional radiance processing**



# Near Constant Contrast (NCC) Product

Example of NCC performance for a day/night terminator (non-lunar) case. NCC **extends constant contrast into the twilight portion of the granule swath**.



Curtis Seaman, CIRA

For **nighttime** scenes, the NCC product **initially worked only around the time of Full Moon. This bug is being fixed.** 

#### Suomi NPP Imagery and Visualization Team web page

http://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/projects/npp/





## Suomi NPP (National Polar-orbiting Partnership) VIIRS Imagery and Visualization Team

(Last updated: 2012-12-18)

The NESDIS/StAR Imagery and Visualization and Visualization Team is responsible for the checkout of EDR imagery (and data) from the NASA/NOAA Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) spacecraft, the Suomi NPP (National Polar-orbiting Partnership).

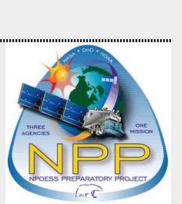
DateEvent28 October 2011 @ 0948 UTCNPP launch21 November 2011 @ 1604 UTCFirst visible/reflective images19 January 2012 @ 0620 UTCFirst infrared/thermal images25 January 2012NPP renamed Suomi NPP

For a roster of VIIRS EDR Imagery Team members see JPSS Imagery and Visualization Team.docx.

For a list of VIIRS bands and band information see VIIRS bands and bandwidths.pdf.

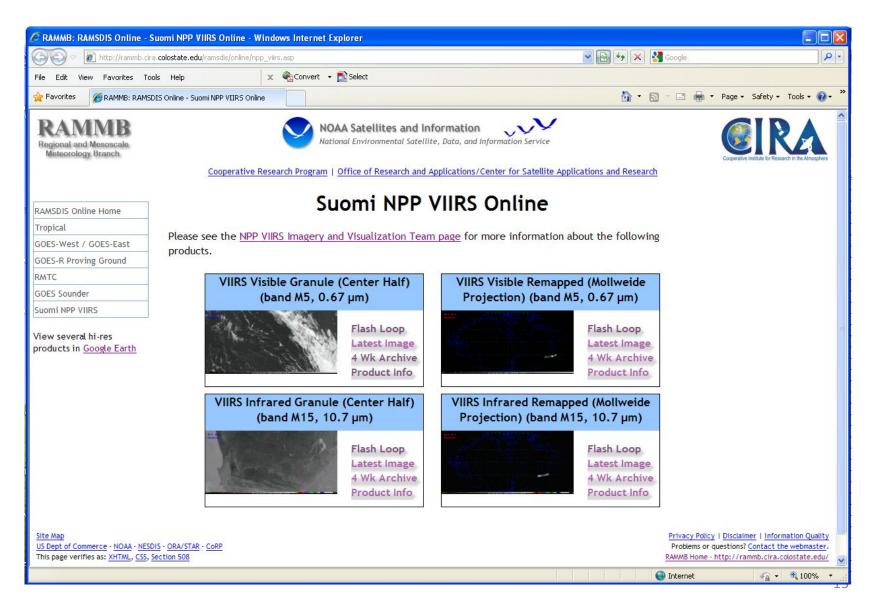
Website CIRA's Suomi NPP Blog CIRA's VIIRS granules NRL's VIIRS imagery CIMSS' Satellite Blog for VIIRS StAR-JPSS ADP (Algorithm and Data Products) NOAA CLASS

URL http://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/projects/npp/blog/ http://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/ramsdis/online/npp\_viirs.asp http://www.nrlmry.navy.mil/VIIRS.html http://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/goes/blog/archives/category/viirs http://www.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/jpss/index.php http://www.class.ncdc.noaa.gov/



#### Suomi NPP VIIRS Online

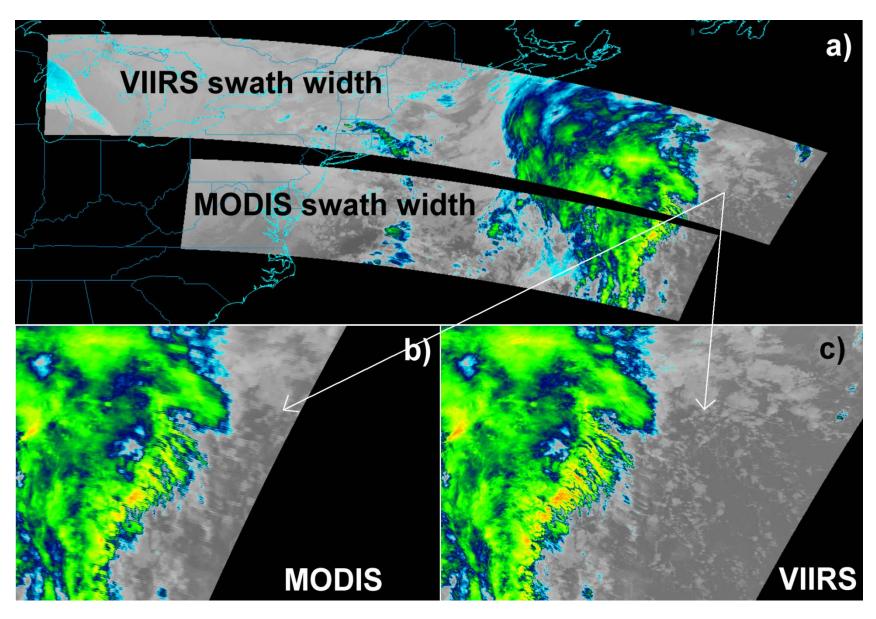
#### http://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/ramsdis/online/npp\_viirs.asp



## Unique features of VIIRS, as compared with its predecessors

- Finer spatial resolution for all bands (down to 375 m)
- Finer spatial resolution at swath edge in particular
- Wider (3000 km) swath, leaving no gaps between adjacent orbits
- DNB / NCC enables visible light imagery under all natural and artificial illumination conditions

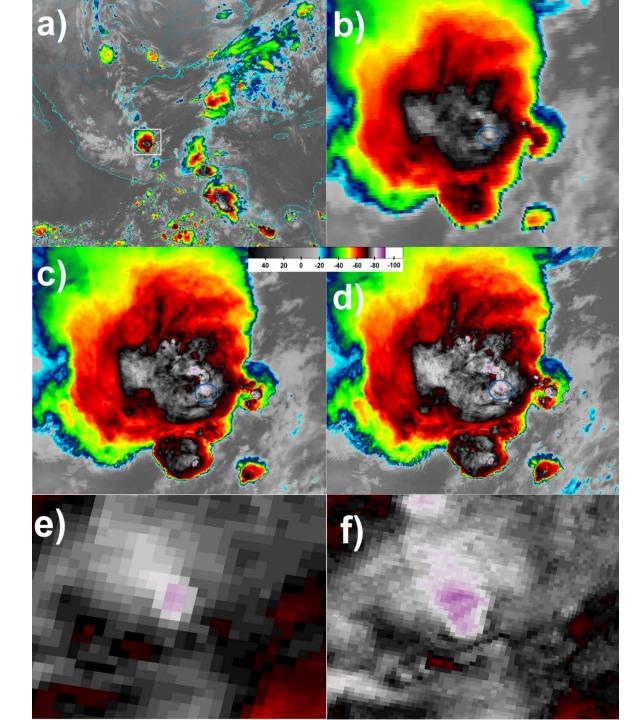
## Better spatial resolution at swath edge



## **BAMS** article to appear in 2013

 Hillger, D., T. Kopp, T. Lee, D. Lindsey, C. Seaman, S. Miller, J. Solbrig, S. Kidder, S. Bachmeier, T. Jasmin, and T. Rink, 2013: First-Light Imagery from Suomi NPP VIIRS. Manuscript accepted by *BAMS*.

• Examples that follow are from that manuscript.



a) GOES-13 10.7 μm image from 0815 UTC on 6 June 2012

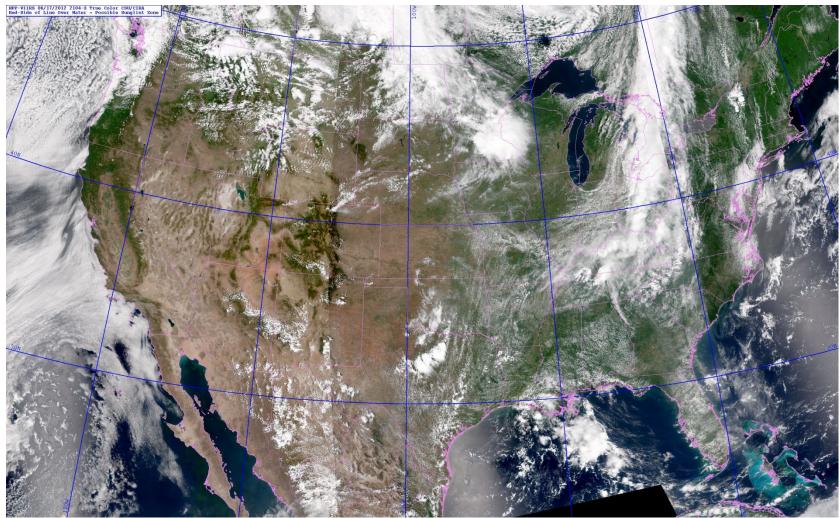
b) Zoomed-in **GOES** over the highlighted thunderstorm complex in the southwestern Gulf of Mexico,

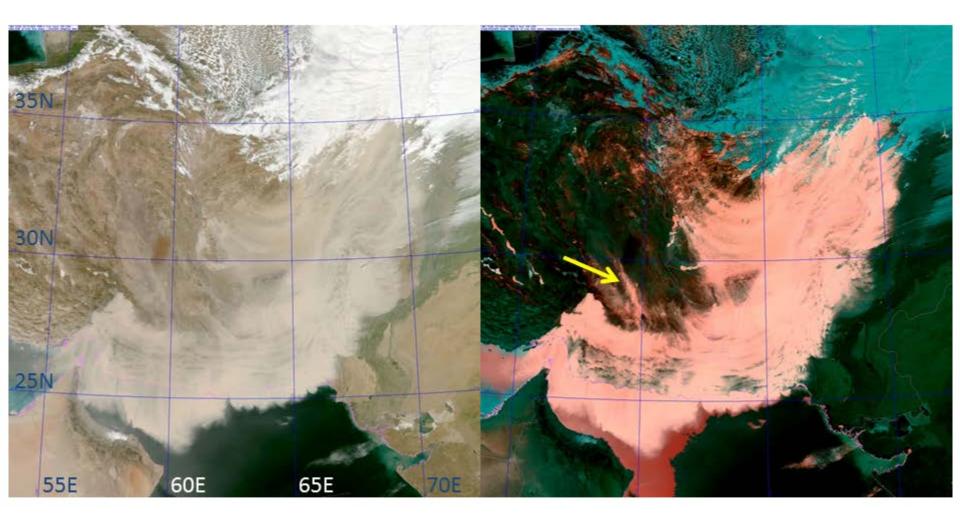
c) Aqua MODIS band 31
 (11.0 μm) view of the same thunderstorm complex at
 0816 UTC

d) NPP **VIIRS** band 15 (11.45  $\mu m$ ) view at 0817 UTC.

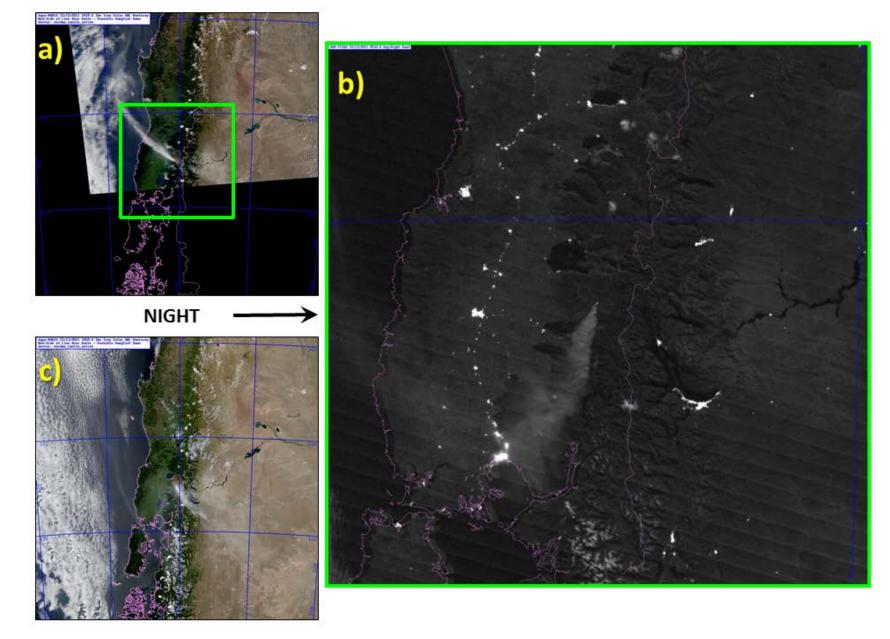
e and f) **Extreme close-ups** approximately covering the circled region from the MODIS and VIIRS images.

# NRL VIIRS true-color composite (NRL's NexSat website)

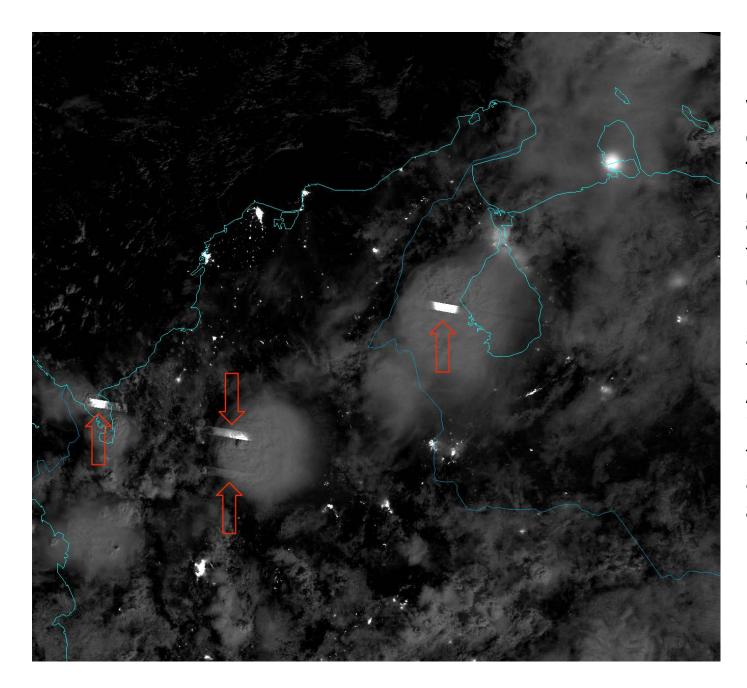




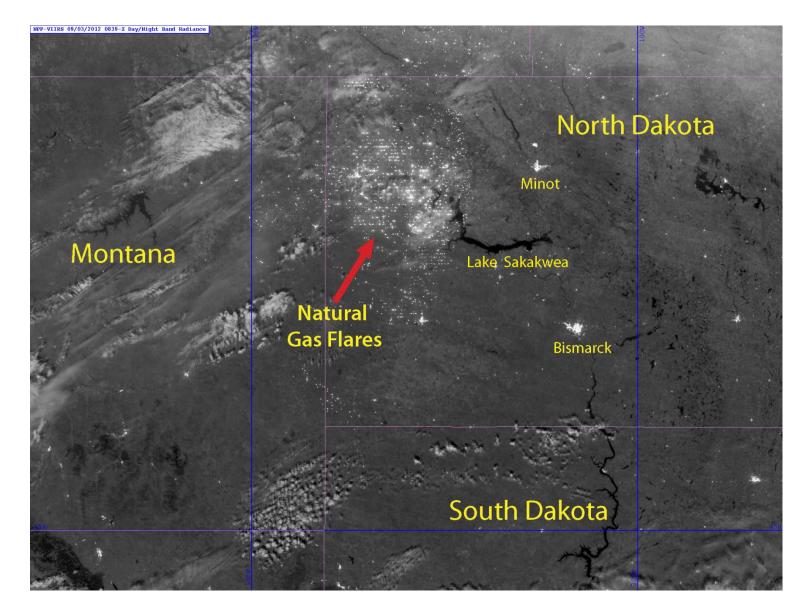
Suomi NPP VIIRS true color (left) and enhanced dust (right) imagery over Middle East. Dust appears as pink, clouds in cyan, and land in shades of green. Images are from 19 March 2012 at 0905 UTC. The enhanced imagery is particularly useful for identifying dust over bright land surface backgrounds, such as the narrow plume indicated in the enhancement by the yellow arrow.



Multi-sensor imagery sequence over the **Puyehue-Cordón Caulle volcanic chain in Chile during an ongoing eruption**, showing a) Aqua MODIS on 12 December 2011 at 1810 UTC, b) VIIRS DNB on 13 December at 0510 UTC for the inset box region of (a), and c) Aqua MODIS on 13 December at 1850 UTC.



**VIIRS DNB image** of lightning from thunderstorms over Colombia and Venezuela taken 0644 UTC on 10 May 2012. Lightning strikes are identified by the red arrows. At the time this image was taken, the moon was approximately 80% full.



Mostly cloud-free DNB image over the U.S. Upper Midwest on 3 September 2012 at 0839 UTC. Note the lights from major cities, as well as a large cluster of oil flare signatures in northwestern North Dakota from the recently-developed Bakken formation.

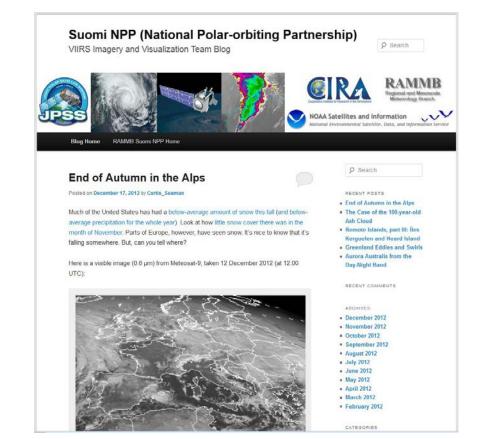
# JPSS/Suomi NPP VIIRS Imagery Blog

http://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/projects/npp/blog/

Blog maintained at CIRA to highlight capabilities of VIIRS instrument.

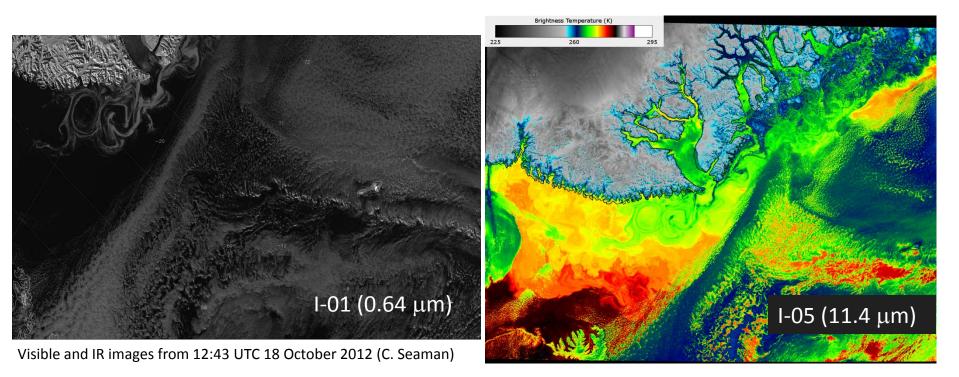
Designed to provide education/outreach of VIIRS imagery applications.

Blog covers wide range of topics: tropical cyclones, severe weather, fire detection, auroras, volcanic eruptions, flooding, snow and ice detection, DNB applications, RGB composites and other interesting high-resolution imagery from VIIRS



# **Greenland Swirls**

http://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/projects/npp/blog/



Interaction of East Greenland Current and North Atlantic Drift represented by swirling ribbons of ice (left) caught in eddies as a result of the SST contrast (right)

Many details visible at ~375 m resolution

# Fires in Australia

#### http://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/projects/npp/blog/

Numerous fires visible in 3.9 μm
 image (M-13) of the Australian
 Outback

> "Natural Fire Color RGB" composite of 0.67  $\mu$ m (M-5), 0.87  $\mu$ m (M-7) and 2.25  $\mu$ m (M-11)

> "Fire Power RGB" composite of 1.61  $\mu$ m (M-10), 2.25  $\mu$ m (M-11) and 3.7  $\mu$ m (M-12)

 Image: Constraint of the second of the se

04:34 UTC 19 September 2012

(C. Seaman)

- ➢ Exploring new RGB composites to aid in fire detection
- $\succ$  VIIRS has detected fires at wavelengths as short as 1.61  $\mu$ m

# Flooding from Hurricane Isaac

http://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/projects/npp/blog/

\* "Natural Color" RGB composite
 (0.64 μm [I-01], 0.87 μm [I-02],
 1.61 μm [I-03]) shows the extent of the flooding caused by
 Hurricane Isaac

The isthmus between Lake Pontchartrain and Lake Maurepas disappears under water

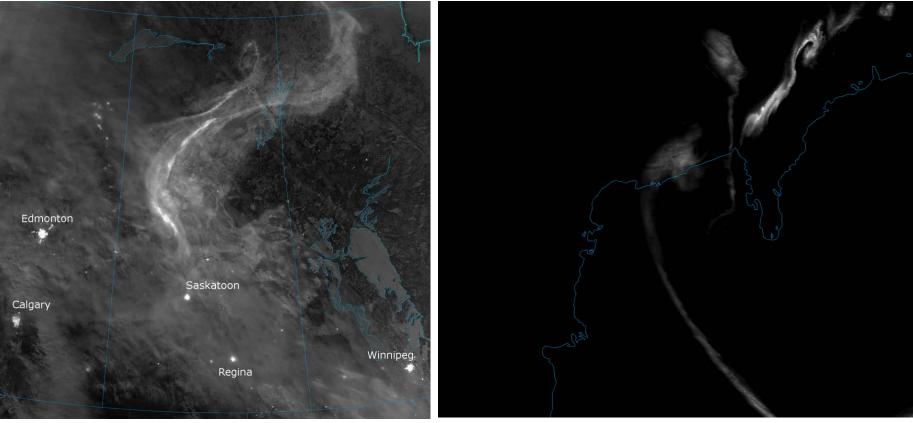
Flooding also visible along the Mississippi River below New Orleans, and along the Gulf Coast



1 September 2012 (C. Seaman)

# Auroras in the DNB

http://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/projects/npp/blog/



(C. Seaman)

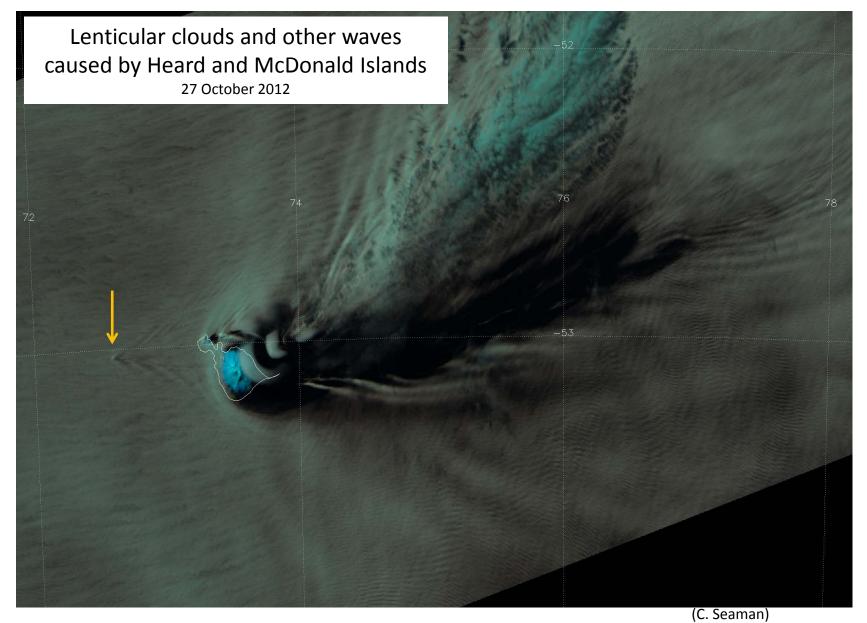
(C. Seaman)

Aurora Borealis over
 Saskatchewan, Canada on 9 March
 2012, visible during a full moon!

Aurora Australis over Antarctica on 15 September 2012, during a new moon.

# High-resolution Images of Remote Islands

http://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/projects/npp/blog/



## **VIIRS imagery issues/problems so far:**

## • Server (GRAVITE) issues

- Missing (or delayed) granules
- Duplicate granules
- Missing geo-location values in granules
- Missing data "triangles" in granules
- **Padding stripes (fill values)** from the use of GTM and a constant array size
- Lack of DNB EDR (NCC) imagery at night under low-illumination conditions
- **Stray light** hardware issue, to be remedied by software eventually.

These issues were (and are being) addressed as **Discrepancy Reports**, and sent up the chain of command.

- Coordination with **VIIRS SDR Team**.
- Coordination with other **EDR Teams**.
- Prepare for future: JPSS-1 (2016) and JPSS-2 (2022)

# Questions?

- We've made excellent progress with VIIRS Imagery after 1 year!
- Don't forget to see other Suomi NPP presentations and posters here at AMS 2013 by:
  - NRL/Monterrey
  - CIMSS/Wisconsin
  - Others
- Town Hall Meeting: Early Success form the Suomi NPP Mission – Tuesday 12:15 – Ballroom G