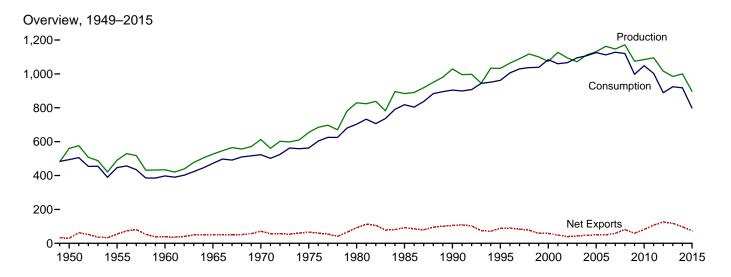
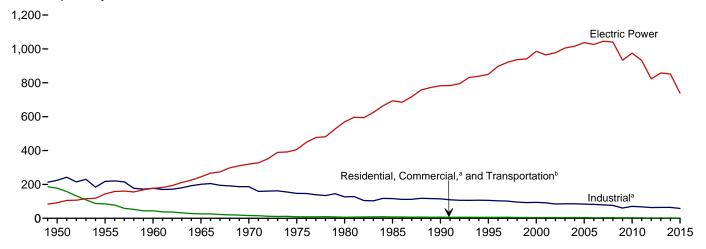
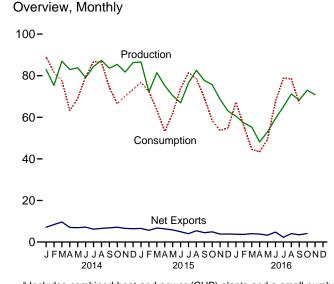
6. Coal

Figure 6.1 Coal (Million Short Tons)



Consumption by Sector, 1949-2015

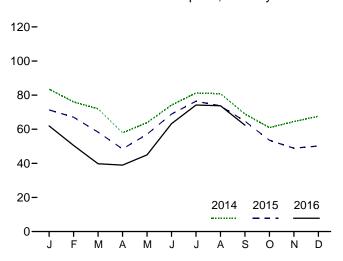




^a Includes combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants and a small number of electricity-only-plants.

^b For 1978 forward, small amounts of transportation sector use are

Electric Power Sector Consumption, Monthly



Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#coal. Sources: Tables 6.1-6.2.

included in "Industrial."

Table 6.1 Coal Overview

(Thousand Short Tons)

		Waste	Trade				Losses and	
	Productiona	Coal Supplied ^b	Imports	Exports	Net Imports ^c	Stock Change ^{d,e}	Unaccounted for ^{e,f}	Consumption
1950 Total 1955 Total 1960 Total 1960 Total 1965 Total 1970 Total 1975 Total 1985 Total 1985 Total 1995 Total 2001 Total 2002 Total 2003 Total 2004 Total 2005 Total 2006 Total 2006 Total 2007 Total 2008 Total 2008 Total 2009 Total 2010 Total 2010 Total 2011 Total 2017 Total 2018 Total 2019 Total	434,329 526,954 612,661 654,641 829,700 883,638 1,029,074 1,073,612 1,127,689 1,094,283 1,071,753 1,112,099 1,131,498 1,162,750 1,146,635 1,171,809 1,074,923	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 3,339 8,561 9,089 10,085 9,052 10,016 11,299 13,352 14,409 14,146 13,666 13,651 13,209 11,196 11,279	365 337 262 184 36 940 1,194 1,952 2,699 9,473 12,513 19,787 16,875 25,044 27,280 30,460 36,246 36,347 34,208 22,639 19,353 13,088 9,159 8,906	29,360 54,429 37,981 51,032 71,733 66,309 91,742 92,680 105,804 88,547 58,489 48,666 39,601 43,014 47,998 49,942 49,647 59,163 81,519 59,097 81,716 107,259 125,746 117,659	-28,995 -54,092 -37,719 -50,848 -71,697 -65,369 -90,548 -90,727 -103,104 -79,074 -45,976 -28,879 -22,726 -17,970 -20,718 -19,482 -13,401 -22,816 -47,311 -36,458 -62,363 -94,171 -116,586 -108,753	27,829 -3,974 -3,194 1,897 11,100 32,154 25,595 -27,934 26,542 -275 -48,309 41,630 10,215 -26,659 -11,462 -9,702 42,642 45,812 12,354 39,668 -13,039 211 6,902 -38,525	9,462 -6,292 1,722 2,244 6,633 -5,522 10,827 2,796 -1,730 632 938 7,120 4,040 -4,403 6,887 9,092 8,824 4,085 5,740 14,985 11,506 14,980 1,451	494,102 447,012 398,081 471,965 523,231 562,640 702,730 818,049 904,498 962,104 1,084,095 1,060,146 1,066,355 1,094,861 1,107,255 1,125,978 1,112,5978 1,112,598 1,120,548 997,478 1,048,514 1,002,948 889,185 924,442
2014 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total	86,959 82,981 83,793 79,069 84,448 87,346 83,582 85,462 81,755 86,341	1,199 1,019 1,059 914 927 1,054 1,122 1,105 1,029 715 973 974 12,090	1,065 582 803 930 1,280 1,365 928 1,076 1,148 584 1,005 586 11,350	8.152 8.972 10.460 7.952 8.182 8.540 7.119 7.637 7.966 7.738 7.557 6.981	-7,087 -8,390 -9,657 -7,022 -6,902 -7,175 -6,192 -6,561 -6,818 -7,154 -6,552 -6,396 -85,907	-15,235 -14,302 -2,074 10,837 7,141 -4,543 -8,070 -6,265 2,396 12,005 5,673 9,836 - 2,601	3,277 670 2,749 2,826 1,493 -1,996 646 1,798 1,103 524 349 -2,337 11,101	89,063 81,581 77,685 63,210 69,185 79,487 86,802 86,307 74,294 66,494 70,155 73,419 917,731
Pebruary February March April May June July August September October November December Total	81,476 75,209 70,415 66,933 76,476 82,623 77,724 75,662 68,574 63,001	1,065 1,001 755 580 756 872 883 954 885 544 840 834	1,293 866 850 879 919 842 1,091 970 904 854 882 969	7,871 6,496 7,612 7,216 6,761 5,789 5,117 6,409 5,388 5,744 4,709 4,846 73,958	-6,579 -5,630 -6,762 -6,337 -5,842 -4,947 -4,026 -5,439 -4,485 -4,889 -3,827 -3,827 -62,640	R 2,390 R-4,929 R 4,930 R 13,571 R 5,575 R 6,552 R 8,638 R -3,360 R 5,283 R 13,278 R 13,061 R 6,094 R 40,704	R 1,799 R 233 R 6,979 R 2,673 R -2,169 R -4,434 R 523 R 2,924 R -529 R -366 R -1,114 R -1,067 R 5,452	R 76,895 R 72,318 R 63,560 R 53,207 R 61,923 R 73,845 R 81,449 R 78,574 R 69,369 R 58,405 R 53,640 R 54,930 R 798,115
2016 January	57,263 55,265 48,115 53,012 59,388 65,088 71,258 68,229 73,019 70,837 681,973	F 817 F 817 F 817 F 817 F 817 F 817 F 817 F 817 RF 817 NA NA NA NA 9,136 11,116	693 819 1,186 740 910 641 990 943 800 R 768 NA NA 10,349	4,433 4,511 5,208 4,583 4,209 5,432 3,276 5,003 4,273 R 4,863 NA NA	-3,740 -3,693 -4,023 -3,843 -3,298 -4,790 -2,286 -4,060 -3,473 R-4,095 NA NA -58,763 -79,511	R -7,347 R 336 R 4,933 R 2,469 R -632 R -10,493 R -10,399 R -3,230 NA NA NA NA 34,610 -12,437	R -2,264 R-1,534 R 2,508 R-755 R1,808 R-1,827 R-902 R-98 R1,990 NA NA NA NA 6,518 13,438	R 67,188 R 55,585 R 44,618 R 43,375 R 49,354 R 67,734 R 78,759 R 78,512 R 66,814 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA

quantities lost or to data reporting problems.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. F=Forecast.

Notes: • For methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks, see Note 1, "Coal Production," Note 2, "Coal Consumption," and Note 3, "Coal Stocks," at end of section. • Data values preceded by "F" are derived from the U.S. Energy Information Administration's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 4, "Coal Forecast Values," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#coal (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual data beginning in 1949 and monthly data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

a Beginning in 2001, includes a small amount of refuse recovery (coal recaptured from a refuse mine and cleaned to reduce the concentration of noncombustible materials).

^b Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and industrial sectors. Beginning in 1989, waste coal supplied is counted as a supply-side item to balance the same amount of waste coal included in "Consumption."

^c Net imports equal imports minus exports. A minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.

^d A negative value indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive value indicates an increase. See Table 6.3 for stocks data coverage.

^e In 1949, stock change is included in "Losses and Unaccounted for."

^f The difference between calculated coal supply and disposition, due to coal

Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

	End-Use Sectors											
		Commercial			Industrial							
	Resi-				Coke	Other Industrial			Trans-	Electric Power		
	dential	CHPa	Otherb	Total	Plants	CHPc	Non-CHP ^d	Total	Total	portation	Sector ^{e,f}	Total
1950 Total 1955 Total 1955 Total 1960 Total 1960 Total 1970 Total 1970 Total 1980 Total 1980 Total 1990 Total 1990 Total 2000 Total 2001 Total 2002 Total 2005 Total 2006 Total 2007 Total 2008 Total 2008 Total 2011 Total 2011 Total 2011 Total	51,562 35,590 24,159 14,635 9,024 2,823 1,355 1,711 1,345 755 454 481 551 512 378 290 (1)	(9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (1,191 1,448 1,448 1,816 1,917 1,922 1,886 1,917 2,021 1,798 1,720 1,668 1,450 1,356	63,021 32,852 16,789 11,041 7,090 6,587 5,097 6,068 4,189 3,633 2,126 2,441 2,506 1,869 2,693 2,693 2,420 1,050 1,485 1,	63,021 32,852 16,789 11,041 7,090 6,587 5,097 6,068 5,379 5,052 3,673 3,888 4,610 4,342 2,936 3,210 3,506 3,210 3,081 2,793 2,045 1,951	104,014 107,743 81,385 95,286 96,481 83,598 66,657 41,056 38,877 33,011 28,939 26,075 23,656 24,248 23,670 23,434 22,957 22,715 22,070 15,326 21,092 21,434 20,751 21,474	(h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h)	120,623 110,096 96,017 105,560 90,156 63,646 60,347 75,372 48,549 43,693 37,177 39,514 34,515 36,415 35,582 34,4210 34,078 32,491 25,549 24,650 23,919 22,773 23,294	120,623 110,096 96,017 105,560 90,156 63,646 60,347 75,372 76,330 73,055 65,268 60,747 61,261 62,195 60,340 59,472 59,472 59,472 49,289 46,238 42,838 43,055	224,637 217,839 177,402 200,846 186,637 147,244 116,429 115,207 106,067 94,147 91,344 84,403 85,509 85,865 83,774 82,429 79,331 76,463 60,641 70,381 67,671 63,589 64,529	63,011 16,972 3,046 655 298 24 (h)	91,871 143,759 176,685 244,788 320,182 440,5962 569,274 693,841 1782,567 850,230 985,821 964,433 977,507 1,005,116 1,016,268 1,037,485 1,026,636 1,045,141 1,040,580 933,627 975,052 932,484 823,551 857,962	494,102 447,012 398,081 471,965 523,231 562,640 702,730 818,049 904,498 902,104 1,084,095 1,060,146 1,066,355 1,094,861 1,107,255 1,125,978 1,112,998 1,120,548 997,478 1,048,514 1,002,948 1,048,514 1,002,948 997,478
2014 January	(i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i)	132 131 118 82 72 78 85 72 64 58 82 90 1,063	120 120 108 50 43 47 41 34 30 58 82 90	252 251 226 132 115 126 106 94 116 164 180 1,887	1,621 1,559 1,705 1,660 1,743 1,771 1,925 1,913 1,799 1,818 1,850 1,933 21,297	1,791 1,633 1,729 1,472 1,549 1,540 1,589 1,591 1,502 1,482 1,554 1,644	1,901 2,101 2,027 2,011 1,915 1,928 1,876 1,885 1,982 2,131 2,091 2,023 23,870	3,692 3,734 3,755 3,482 3,464 3,467 3,465 3,476 3,484 3,613 3,645 3,645 42,946	5,313 5,294 5,460 5,142 5,207 5,238 5,390 5,389 5,283 5,431 5,495 5,600 64,243	(hh) (hh) (hh) (hh) (hh) (hh) (hh) (hh)	83,498 76,036 72,000 57,936 63,863 74,123 81,287 80,863 68,916 60,947 64,495 67,638 851,602	89,063 81,581 77,685 63,210 69,185 79,487 86,802 86,357 74,294 66,494 70,155 73,419 917,731
2015 January	(i)	R 97 R 83 R 54 R 50 R 61 R 64 R 58 R 51 R 52 R 59 R 72 R 798	R 101 R 101 R 87 R 45 R 41 R 50 R 39 R 35 R 31 R 49 R 56 R 69 R 706	198 198 171 99 92 111 104 93 82 101 115 141 1,503	1,908 1,598 1,649 1,543 1,677 1,766 1,801 1,711 1,519 1,586 1,479 1,469	R1,613 R1,483 R1,506 R1,336 R1,378 R1,381 R1,505 R1,420 R1,391 R1,296 R1,325 R1,350 R16,984	R 1,852 R 1,977 R 1,962 R 1,780 R 1,717 R 1,720 R 1,588 R 1,673 R 1,696 R 1,865 R 1,841 R 1,805 R 21,475	3,465 3,460 3,468 3,116 3,095 3,101 3,093 3,093 3,087 3,161 3,166 3,155 38,459	5,373 5,058 5,117 4,659 4,772 4,867 4,894 4,804 4,606 4,747 4,645 4,624 58,167		R 71,323 R 67,061 R 58,272 R 48,449 R 57,060 R 68,867 R 76,452 R 73,678 R 64,682 R 53,557 R 48,879 R 50,165	R 76,895 R 72,318 R 63,560 R 53,207 R 61,923 R 73,845 R 81,449 R 78,574 6 69,369 R 58,405 R 53,640 R 54,930
2016 January	(i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i)	R 76 R 78 R 75 R 49 R 40 R 46 R 50 49	RF 222 RF 192 RF 170 RF 131 RF 143 RF 29 RF 30 RF 24 F 12 F 952	F 297 F 269 F 245 F 180 F 183 F 75 F 76 F 74 F 61	F1,425 F1,337 F1,390 F1,166 F1,347 F1,639 F1,817 F1,624 F13,231	R1,503 R1,395 R1,370 R1,006 R1,147 R1,212 R1,234 1,234 1,053 11,154	RF 2,011 RF 2,096 RF 1,845 RF 2,074 RF 1,734 RF 1,738 F 1,635 F 1,630 F 1,710 F 16,452	F 3,514 F 3,491 F 3,215 F 3,080 F 2,881 F 2,931 F 2,869 F 2,864 F 2,763	F 4,939 F 4,828 F 4,604 F 4,246 F 4,228 F 4,417 F 4,508 F 4,681 F 4,386 F 40,838	(h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h)	R 61,951 R 50,488 R 39,769 R 38,949 R 44,943 R 63,242 R 74,175 R 73,757 62,366 509,640	R 67,188 R 55,585 R 44,618 R 43,375 R 49,354 R 67,734 R 78,759 R 78,512 66,814 551,938
2015 9-Month Total 2014 9-Month Total	{ i }	615 833	532 593	1,147 1,427	15,174 15,695	13,013 14,396	15,964 17,625	28,977 32,021	44,151 47,716	(h)	585,843 658,521	631,141 707,664

a Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of commercial electricity-only plants, such as those at hospitals and universities. See Note 2, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.

b All commercial sector fuel use other than that in "Commercial CHP."

c Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of industrial electricity-only plants. See Note 2, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.

d All industrial sector fuel use other than that in "Coke Plants" and "Industrial CHP."

e The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

¹ Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

g Included in "Commercial Other."

h Included in "Industrial Non-CHP."

i Beginning in 2008, residential coal consumption data are no longer collected by the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA).

R=Revised. F=Forecast.

Notes: • CHP monthly values are from Table 7.4c; electric power sector monthly values are from Table 7.4b; all other monthly values are estimates derived from collected quarterly and annual data. See Note 2, "Coal Consumption," at end of section. • Data values preceded by "F" are derived from EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 4, "Coal Forecast Values," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#coal (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual data beginning in 1949 and monthly data beginning in 1973.

beginning in 1973.
Sources: See end of section.

Table 6.3 Coal Stocks by Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

			_						
	Producers and Distributors	Residential ^a		Industrial			Electric Power		
		and Commercial	Coke Plants	Otherb	Other ^b Total		Sector ^{c,d}	Total	
950 Year	NA	2.462	16.809	26,182	42.991	45,453	31.842	77.29	
955 Year	NA NA	998	13,422	15,880	29,302	30,300	41,391	71,69	
60 Year	NA NA	666	11,122	11,637	22,759	23,425	51.735	75.16	
65 Year	NA NA	353	10,640	13,122	23,762	24,115	54,525	78,640	
	NA NA	300	9,045	11,781	20,826	21,126	71,908	93,034	
70 Year									
75 Year	12,108	233	8,797	8,529	17,326	17,559	110,724	140,39	
80 Year	24,379	NA	9,067	11,951	21,018	21,018	183,010	228,407	
85 Year	33,133	NA	3,420	10,438	13,857	13,857	156,376	203,367	
90 Year	33,418	NA	3,329	8,716	12,044	12,044	156,166	201,629	
95 Year	34,444	NA	2,632	5,702	8,334	8,334	126,304	169,083	
00 Year	31,905	NA	1,494	4,587	6,081	6,081	102,296	140,282	
01 Year	35,900	NA	1,510	6,006	7,516	7,516	138,496	181,912	
02 Year	43,257	NA	1,364	5,792	7,156	7,156	141,714	192,127	
03 Year	38,277	NA	905	4,718	5,623	5,623	121,567	165,46	
04 Year	41,151	NA	1,344	4,842	6,186	6,186	106,669	154,00	
05 Year	34,971	NA	2,615	5,582	8,196	8,196	101,137	144,30	
06 Year	36,548	NA	2,928	6,506	9,434	9,434	140,964	186,94	
07 Year	33,977	NA	1.936	5,624	7,560	7,560	151,221	192,75	
08 Year	34,688	498	2,331	6,007	8,338	8,836	161,589	205,11	
09 Year	47,718	529	1.957	5,109	7.066	7,595	189,467	244,780	
10 Year	49,820	552	1,925	4,525	6,451	7,003	174,917	231,740	
11 Year	51,897	603	2,610	4,455	7,065	7,668	172,387	231,95	
12 Year	46.157	583	2,522	4,475	6.997	7,581	185,116	238.85	
13 Year	45,652	495	2,200	4,097	6,297	6,792	147,884	200,328	
14 January	44.951	465	2.064	3.909	5.973	6.438	133.705	185.093	
February	44,804	435	1,927	3,721	5,649	6,083	119,904	170,79	
March	44.728	405	1,791	3,534	5.325	5,729	118,260	168,71	
April	44,813	413	1.840	3,564	5.404	5,817	128,925	179,55	
May	43,871	421	1,888	3,595	5,483	5,904	136,921	186,69	
June	42.682	429	1,937	3,626	5,563	5.992	133,479	182.15	
	41,939	440	2,060	3,774	5,834	6,274	125,870	174,08	
July	39,892		2,184	3,922		6,557	121,369	167,81	
August		451			6,106				
September	38,828	462	2,307	4,070	6,377	6,840	124,546	170,21	
October	38,266	458	2,418	4,112	6,530	6,988	136,964	182,21	
November	38,159	454	2,529	4,154	6,683	7,136	142,595	187,89	
December	38,894	449	2,640	4,196	6,836	7,285	151,548	197,72	
15 January	38,817	429	2,471	4,010	6,482	6,911	R 154,390	R 200,11	
February	39,581	408	2,303	3,825	6,128	6,536	R 149,071	R 195,18	
March	39,610	388	2,135	3,639	5,775	6,162	R 154,347	R 200,11	
April	40,226	387	2,299	3,714	6,013	6,400	R 167,063	R 213,69	
May	39,817	386	2,463	3,789	6,252	6,639	R 172,809	R 219,26	
June	39,399	386	2,627	3,864	6,491	6,877	R 166,437	R 212,71	
July	38,993	388	2,756	3,999	6,755	7,143	R 157,938	R 204,07	
August	37,353	390	2,884	4,135	7,019	7,410	^R 155,952	R 200,71	
September	36,213	392	3,013	4,271	7,284	7,676	R 162,109	R 205,99	
October	36,233	393	2,754	4,308	7,062	7,455	R 175,588	R 219,27	
November	36,509	394	2,495	4,345	6,840	7,233	R 188,595	R 232,33	
December	35,871	394	2,236	4,382	6,618	7,012	R 195,548	R 238,43	
6 January	^F 35,935	F 490	^F 1,839	^F 5,250	^F 7,089	^F 7,579	R 187,570	R 231,08	
February	^F 36,656	F 483	F 1.694	^E 5,017	F 6,710	^F 7,193	R 187,571	R 231,42	
March	F 37,304	F 476	F 1,549	F 4,776	F 6,325	[⊦] 6,801	R 192,248	R 236,35	
April	F 37,808	F 476	F 1,666	F 4,868	F 6,534	F 7,010	R 194,004	R 238,82	
May	F 37,549	F 476	F 1,791	F 4,962	F 6,753	F 7,229	R 193,412	R 238,19	
June	F 37,127	F 477	F 1,921	F 5,056	F 6,977	F 7,454	R 183,115	R 227,69	
July	F 36,287	F 479	F 1,887	F 5,264	F 7,151	F 7.630	R 169,441	R 213,35	
August	F 34,719	F 481	F 1,861	F 5,470	F 7,331	F 7,812	R 160,428	R 202,96	
, wyuot	F 33,574	F 483	F 1,828	F 5.675	F 7,503	7,012	100,720	202,30	

are from Table 7.5; producers and distributors monthly values are estimates derived from collected annual data; all other monthly values are estimates derived from collected quarterly values. • Data values preceded by "F" are derived from the U.S. Energy Information Administration's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 4, "Coal Forecast Values," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#coal (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual data beginning in 1949 and monthly data beginning in 1973.

beginning in 1973.
Sources: See end of section.

a Through 1979, data are for the residential and commercial sectors. Beginning in 2008, data are for the commercial sector only.

^b Through 1979, data are for manufacturing plants and the transportation sector. For 1980–2007, data are for manufacturing plants only. Beginning in 2008, data are for manufacturing plants and coal transformation/processing plants.

^c The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

^d Excludes waste coal. Through 1998, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1999, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers. R=Revised. NA=Not available. F=Forecast.

Notes: • Stocks are at end of period. • Electric power sector monthly values

Coal

Note 1. Coal Production. Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) and published in the *Weekly Coal Production* report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads (AAR) data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads.

Through 2001, the weekly coal production model converted AAR data into short tons of coal by using the average number of short tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the "Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics" from the Surface Transportation Board. If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded was not available for a specific railroad, the national average was used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week was divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years were used to derive this ratio. This method ensured that the seasonal variations were preserved in the production estimates.

From 2002 through 2014, the weekly coal production model used statistical auto regressive methods to estimate national coal production as a function of railcar loadings of coal, heating degree-days, and cooling degree-days. On Thursday of each week, EIA received from the AAR data for the previous week. The latest weekly national data for heating degree-days and cooling degree-days were obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's Climate Prediction Center.

Beginning in 2015, the revised weekly coal production model uses statistical auto regressive methods to estimate national coal production as a function of railcar loadings of coal. EIA receives AAR data on Thursday of each week for prior week car loadings. The weekly coal model is run and a national level coal production estimate is obtained. From there, state-level estimates are calculated using historical state production share. The state estimates are then aggregated to various regional-level estimates. The weekly coal model is refit every quarter after preliminary coal data are available.

When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figures. The adjustment procedure uses historical state-level production data, the methodology for which can be seen in the documentation located at http://www.eia.gov/coal/production/weekly/. Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first nine months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. All

quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the *Monthly Energy Review* in the fall of the following year.

Note 2. Coal Consumption. Forecast data (designated by an "F") are derived from forecasted values shown in EIA's *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "U.S. Coal Supply, Consumption, and Inventories." The monthly estimates are based on the quarterly values, which are released in March, June, September, and December. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

Residential and Commercial—Through 2007, coal consumption by the residential and commercial sectors is reported to EIA for the two sectors combined; EIA estimates the amount consumed by the sectors individually. To create the estimates, it is first assumed that an occupied coal-heated housing unit consumes fuel at the same Btu rate as an oilheated housing unit. Then, for the years in which data are available on the number of occupied housing units by heating source (1973-1981 and subsequent odd-numbered years), residential consumption of coal is estimated using the following steps: a ratio is created of the number of occupied housing units heated by coal to the number of occupied housing units heated by oil; that ratio is then multiplied by the Btu quantity of oil consumed by the residential sector to derive an estimate of the Btu quantity of coal consumed by the residential sector; and, finally, the amount estimated as the residential sector consumption is subtracted from the residential and commercial sectors' combined consumption to derive the commercial sector's estimated consumption. Beginning in 2008, residential coal consumption data are not collected by EIA, and commercial coal consumption data are taken directly from reported data.

Industrial Coke Plants—Through 1979, monthly coke plant consumption data were taken directly from reported data. For 1980–1987, coke plant consumption estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Beginning in 1988, monthly coke plant consumption estimates are derived from the reported quarterly data by using monthly ratios of raw steel production data from the American Iron and Steel Institute. The ratios are the monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces as a proportion of the quarterly production from those kinds of furnaces.

Industrial Other—Through 1977, monthly consumption data for the other industrial sector (all industrial users minus coke plants) were derived by using reported data to modify baseline consumption figures from the most recent U.S. Census Bureau Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and 1979, monthly estimates were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and

EIA-6. For 1980–1987, monthly figures were estimated by proportioning quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Beginning in 1988, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector is estimated from reported quarterly data by using ratios derived from industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indices for six major industry groups are used as the basis for calculating the ratios: food manufacturing, which is North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code 311; paper manufacturing, NAICS 322; chemical manufacturing, NAICS 325; petroleum and coal products, NAICS 324; nonmetallic mineral products manufacturing, NAICS 327; and primary metal manufacturing, NAICS 331. The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of the weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of the weighted indices by using the 1977 proportion as the weights. Through 2007, quarterly consumption data for the other industrial sector were derived by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts are the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, and construction consumption data were included where appropriate. Beginning in 2008, quarterly consumption totals for other industrial coal include data for manufacturing and mining only. Over time, surveyed coal consumption data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, and construction dwindled to about 20-30 thousand short tons annually. Therefore, in 2008, EIA consolidated its programs by eliminating agriculture, forestry, fishing, and construction as surveyed sectors.

Electric Power Sector—Monthly consumption data for electric power plants are taken directly from reported data.

Note 3. Coal Stocks. Coal stocks data are reported by major end-use sector. Forecast data (designated by an "F") are derived from forecasted values shown in EIA's *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "U.S. Coal Supply, Consumption, and Inventories." The monthly estimates are based on the quarterly values (released in March, June, September, and December) or annual values. The estimates are revised as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

Producers and Distributors—Through 1997, quarterly stocks at producers and distributors were taken directly from reported data. Monthly data were estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Beginning in 1998,

end-of-year stocks are taken from reported data. Monthly stocks are estimated by a model.

Residential and Commercial—Through 1979, stock estimates for the residential and commercial sector were taken directly from reported data. For 1980–2007, stock estimates were not collected. Beginning in 2008, quarterly commercial (excluding residential) stocks data are collected on Form EIA-3 (data for "Commercial and Institutional Coal Users").

Industrial Coke Plants—Through 1979, monthly stocks at coke plants were taken directly from reported data. Beginning in 1980, coke plant stocks are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.

Industrial Other—Through 1977, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. For 1978–1982, monthly estimates were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. Beginning in 1983, other industrial coal stocks are estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries; data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.

Electric Power Sector—Monthly stocks data at electric power plants are taken directly from reported data.

Note 4. Coal Forecast Values. Data values preceded by "F" in this section are forecast values. They are derived from EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System (STIFS). The model is driven primarily by data and assumptions about key macroeconomic variables, the world oil price, and weather. The coal forecast relies on other variables as well, such as alternative fuel prices (natural gas and oil) and power generation by sources other than fossil fuels, including nuclear and hydroelectric power. Each month, EIA staff review the model output and make adjustments, if appropriate, based on their knowledge of developments in the coal industry.

The STIFS model results are published monthly in EIA's *Short-Term Energy Outlook*, which is accessible on the Web at http://www.eia.gov/forecasts/steo/.

Table 6.1 Sources

Production

1949–September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977 forward: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Weekly Coal Production*.

Waste Coal Supplied

1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility."

2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants."

2004–2007: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing and Transformation/Processing Coal Plants and Commercial and Institutional Coal Users"; and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Imports and Exports

1949 forward: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, Monthly Reports IM 145 (Imports) and EM 545 (Exports).

Stock Change

1950 forward: Calculated from data in Table 6.3.

Losses and Unaccounted for

1949 forward: Calculated as the sum of production, imports, and waste coal supplied, minus exports, stock change, and consumption.

Consumption

1949 forward: Table 6.2.

Table 6.2 Sources

Residential and Commercial Total

Through 2007, coal consumption by the residential and commercial sectors combined is reported to the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA). EIA estimates the sectors individually using the method described in Note 2, "Consumption," at the end of Section 6. Data for the residential and commercial sectors combined are from:

1949–1976: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks." October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks."

1980–1997: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

1998–2007: DOI, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Coke Plants."

Commercial Total

Beginning in 2008, coal consumption by the commercial (excluding residential) sector is reported to EIA. Data for total commercial consumption are from:

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing and Transformation/Processing Coal Plants and Commercial and Institutional Coal Users" (data for "Commercial and Institutional Coal Users"); and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System (STIFS).

Commercial CHP

1989 forward: Table 7.4c.

Commercial Other

1949 forward: Calculated as "Commercial Total" minus "Commercial CHP."

Industrial Coke Plants

1949–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals—Monthly/Annual Supplement."

1981–1984: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report—Quarterly/Annual Supplement."

1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA–5, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Coke Plants"; and, for forecast values, EIA, STIFS.

Other Industrial Total

1949–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants."

1980–1997: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

1998–2007: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants," Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," annual, and Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," annual.

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing and Transformation/Processing Coal Plants and Commercial and Institutional Coal Users," and Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," annual; and, for forecast values, EIA, STIFS.

Other Industrial CHP

1989 forward: Table 7.4c.

Other Industrial Non-CHP

1949 forward: Calculated as "Other Industrial Total" minus "Other Industrial CHP."

Transportation

1949–1976: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks." October–December 1977: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

Electric Power

1949 forward: Table 7.4b.

Table 6.3 Sources

Producers and Distributors

1973–1979: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Form 6-1419Q, "Distribution of Bituminous Coal and Lignite Shipments."

1980–1997: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly. 1998–2007: EIA, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," annual.

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," annual, and Form EIA-8A, "Coal Stocks Report," annual; and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System (STIFS).

Residential and Commercial

1949–1976: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks." October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report, Manufacturing and

Transformation/Processing Coal Plants and Commercial and Institutional Coal Users" (data for "Commercial and Institutional Coal Users"); and, for forecast values, EIA, STIFS.

Industrial Coke Plants

1949–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals—Monthly/Annual."

1981–1984: EIA, Form EIA 5/5A, "Coke Plant Report—Quarterly/Annual Supplement."

1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Coke Plants" and, for forecast values, EIA, STIFS.

Industrial Other

1949–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants."

1998–2007: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing and Transformation/Processing Coal Plants and Commercial and Institutional Coal Users"; and, for forecast values, EIA, STIFS.

Electric Power

1949 forward: Table 7.5.

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